

Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 March 2024

Registered Social Landlord No. 304

Company Registration No.SC185652

Scottish Charity No. SC027906

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

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BOARD OF TRUSTEES, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Board of Trustees

S. Leslie

Chairperson

G Bain

Appointed 6 September 2023

Appointed 6 September 2023

Resigned 6 September 2023

A Bryan

G Collins

A Craig K Kane

R Leith

R Middleton

Professor R Pyper M Tomlinson

A Wason

Appointed 6 September 2023

S Williamson

Resigned 26 April 2024

Executive Officers

J Whiston

L Junner

C Donald

C MacCallum

J McCann

A Park

C Straine

Chief Executive, resigned 16 February 2024 Chief Executive, appointed 12 February 2024

Head of Corporate Services, appointed 5 February 2024 Interim Head of Finance, appointed 11 March 2024

Head of Housing and Communities

Head of Finance, resigned 2 February 2024

Head of Property and Development

Registered Office

119 Main Street

Ayr

KA8 8BX

External Auditors

Alexander Sloan LLP 180 St Vincent Street Glasgow **G2 5SG**

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc Corporate Banking 139 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5FJ

Solicitors

Addleshaw Goddard 19 Canning Street Edinburgh EH3 8EU

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The Board of Trustees presents its report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Legal Status

Ayrshire Housing is a company limited by guarantee and is governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association. Accordingly, the Company has no share capital. The company is registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator as a registered social landlord (No. 304) under the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and as a registered Scottish Charity with the charity number SCO27906.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Association are the provision and management of affordable rented accommodation.

Review of Business and Future Developments Background

The Trustees of Ayrshire Housing are pleased to present their review together with the audited financial statements for Ayrshire Housing for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Activities

The Ayrshire Housing Group consists of Ayrshire Housing (parent), a registered social landlord with charitable status, and Ayrshire Homestake Limited, our one subsidiary company retained as a vehicle to pursue potentially non-charitable activities. The subsidiary company has not yet traded.

The Group Head Office is in Ayr and Ayrshire Housing has properties throughout Ayrshire. Ayrshire Housing is now one of Ayrshire's leading housing associations with a stock of 1,700 houses thanks to an active acquisition and development programme predominantly but not exclusively in South Ayrshire.

Introduction

With 1,700 houses we are one of Ayrshire's leading housing associations. We remain proud to be a community and tenant-controlled association.

We continue to build on our track record of award-winning developments to meet local housing needs. Committed to high quality services, we are focused on new ways of doing things without ever losing sight of the importance of the personal touch.

Operating in Ayrshire, we are committed to maximising the economic and social impact of all that we do. Building on our 30-year heritage of community control, we aim to be a real community anchor to both our communities and to Ayrshire's three Councils.

We are financially strong with an experienced and enthusiastic team. We pride ourselves on our ability to deliver high quality services as we respond to the financial challenges that we, our applicants and tenants face.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Review of Business and Future Developments (Contd.)

The year ended 31 March 2024 represented year two of our three-year business plan and another excellent year for the association working towards our mission to enhance the wellbeing of our tenants and the wider communities of Ayrshire through high quality housing and related services.

Below is a summary of our Business Plan through which we aim to realise our mission.

Our Values

Our mission is underpinned by these core values:

We listen - to everyone we work for and with.

We engage - as we actively involve our tenants, the community and our people in shaping our work.

We show respect - as we strive to provide equal and accessible services to all.

We seek challenge - to ensure best value to our tenants and wider community benefits.

Our Vision for Ayrshire Housing

Our enduring vision for Ayrshire Housing is to:

Be valued by all our tenants and other service users.

Increase the wellbeing of our communities.

Provide more affordable housing.

Be seen as a distinctive and effective organisation by the people of Ayrshire.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

As a tenant and community run housing association, our tenants and the communities they are part of are central to what we do. We have an excellent relationship with our tenants. This is shown by high recorded satisfaction and the friendly tone of our day-to-day communication.

The independent tenants' survey carried out in late 2023 showed:

- 83% (2019 89%) are happy with our services.
- 83% (2019 89%) satisfied with our management of their neighbourhood.
- 74% (2019 86%) thought their rent was value for money.
- 88% (2019 92%) are satisfied with our communication and engagement.

There has been a reduction in satisfaction levels since the previous survey in 2019 as a result of problems with service delivery during the periods of Covid restrictions which have unfortunately persisted and have been compounded by contractor performance and supply issues. Achieving tangible improvements in these areas is a priority, as is maintaining reasonable value for money as real incomes fall.

We are committed to build on the still excellent relationship with our applicants and tenants for example through our popular HousingOnline and My Home services. We are always looking for new ways for our tenants to engage with us and influence the services they receive both individually and for their neighbourhoods.

Our neighbourhoods are not just popular with their residents but make a real contribution to the towns and villages they are part of. We want to build on this with a focus on maintaining the quality of our housing stock and public areas. We are committed to ensuring the social worth of our housing for future generations.

We work across Ayrshire but with a particular focus on South Ayrshire. It is an area of high demand for affordable rented housing with close to 4,000 households on our waiting list alone. We are proud of our close working relationship with South Ayrshire Council and have recently joined the Home Swapper network which makes it easier for our tenants to swap their tenancies with other tenants of Ayrshire Housing and the tenants of South Ayrshire Council. We are working closely with South Ayrshire Council and the local Health and Social Care Partnership and several charities to provide quality housing for the people they support and providing such integrated housing solutions has been at the core of what we do since our foundation.

We have always been committed to the supply of new affordable housing through development and acquisition and were delighted to finalise 32 properties at Carrick Street in Ayr town centre during this financial year. We always develop on a financially sustainable basis which will not compromise the quality of service to existing tenants or expose the association to unnecessary financial risk. The current inflationary pressure on development requires the association to continually reflect on our ambitions for development until conditions improve in costs to build or there is an increase in the level of Scottish Government grant support.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Ayrshire's wider communities

Ayrshire Housing remains rooted in Ayrshire's communities and our governance is based on a partnership between our tenants – all of whom are association members – and those who support us from the wider community.

Our developments over the years have made a real contribution to Ayrshire's built environment. This is reflected in numerous awards. We want to maximise the wider social worth of what we do through building relationships, so that our neighbourhoods are firmly rooted in the wider communities in which they lie. As a charity making a real impact on people's lives, we can spend over £9 million a year in the local and wider economy. We want to leverage this investment so that it has the maximum impact. We do this by building links and partnerships with those who share our commitment to voluntary activity and the public good.

Our community space – The Local – continues to be a great success providing an affordable and convenient meeting space for many local organisations.

Business Plan 2022-25

We have now completed the second year of our three-year business plan and remain on track to have achieved all of our objectives by the end of the business plan period. The Board agree an annual delivery plan to ensure that the objectives set are realised. The delivery plan is designed to cascade down to everyone in our team – whether they are a volunteer Board member or member of staff.

The objectives for the three-year plan are grouped around four clear themes

- PROVIDING AN EXCELLENT SERVICE
- QUALITY HOMES
- THRIVING COMMUNITIES
- A FORWARD LOOKING AND SUSTAINABLE ASSOCIATION

All our tenants are members of Ayrshire Housing. Each year, we report on what we have achieved and on our ongoing plans. We do this through the annual member review and report on our Scottish Social Housing Charter performance. Alongside our consultations on rents and major policy changes this should ensure that the Business Plan remains relevant to our aspirations.

We also engage with the other users of our services and those we work in partnership with.

In addition, we make public our Assurance Statement to confirm our compliance with regulatory requirements.

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

How We Manage Risk

Both the business planning process and the performance management system are designed to control the association's exposure to risk. Our financial plan is designed to provide the financial assurance that we have the financial resources to implement any mitigating actions and cope with general financial shocks.

We have identified four strategic areas of risk:

The inability to sustain planned levels of rental income

The falling incomes, in real terms, of many of our tenants could threaten our current high levels of rental collection and could also lead to higher levels of stock turnover. There is also the risk of regulatory action to control rent levels or at least rent increases in the sector. Whilst we largely coped with the financial risks of the Covid pandemic, we are mindful of its long-term effects both financially and socially on our tenants.

Our controls include:

- budgets based on low levels of rental growth;
- rigorous arrears and void controls built into the performance management system;
- investment in money advice services;
- · working with credit unions, and housing support and advice partners.
- expanding our services with the external grant support

A failure to maintain our stock to the required standards

A poorly developed investment plan could result in a failure to meet statutory requirements and growing tenant aspirations.

Our controls include:

- the regular review of the comprehensive life cycle cost plan for our stock;
- ensuring that there is a sufficient risk envelope built into the overall risk management strategy to cope with greater investment requirements due to construction cost inflation or new standards.

Failure to maintain and enhance current high levels of service delivery and satisfaction

Providing excellent service is at the heart of what we do. Falling standards may result in tenant dissatisfaction and possible regulatory intervention.

Our controls include:

- key performance indicators backed by tenant feedback;
- a focus on regulatory compliance;
- regular independent tenant surveys coupled with continuous tenant feedback;
- · membership of benchmarking groups;
- investment in staff training and new skills;
- extending online services.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Review of Business and Future Developments (Contd.)

Poor Budgetary and Cost Control

A lack of effective controls could result in wasted resources and, if not checked over the long-term, financial viability being compromised.

Our controls include:

- robust annual budgets linked to the long-term financial plan;
- · demanding KPIs for rent collection and void management;
- Management Accounts to the Board each quarter;
- a focus on covenant and regulatory compliance;
- a comprehensive Procurement Strategy;
- effective project management.

Financial Health

Our 30-year financial plan is designed to ensure the management and maintenance of our stock is to the highest standards, the servicing of loan obligations and to generate sufficient reserves for contingencies. The plan is based on a conservative assumption of rental growth.

We are in the fortunate position of having built up significant cash reserves through prudent financial management by the current and previous Boards. We maintain cash reserves to provide adequate working capital in turbulent or difficult times, for example, the pandemic, high inflation rates, global materials shortages and possible unforeseen additional expenditures such as the enhancement of the Energy Efficiency Standard for Social Housing ("EESSH 2"). Current and past Boards have taken a very prudent stance in terms of both organisational and specific development risks and have been selective about any potential development projects. We are therefore financially viable and will remain that way as we continue to manage the business in a prudent manner.

The financial plan is stress tested as part of a financial health check carried out by the Board each year. A range of scenarios and sensitivities are applied to the base financial plan for the 30 years to assess the impact of risks with which to assess long-term financial and development capacity. All the variables are compared to our base plan which includes the delivery of the current pipeline development programme.

In conclusion, housing associations like Ayrshire Housing confront a wide array of risks - both internal and external. Ayrshire Housing with its strong Board, short command chain and excellent management systems is well placed to respond timeously to emerging risks. There is the further reassurance though that if negative events do occur, predicted or unpredicted, then the association's finances are sufficiently robust to cope. Ayrshire Housing can demonstrate that it has the capacity to withstand shocks and maintain not just basic functioning but also its overall mission.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Review of Business and Future Developments (Contd.)

Delivery Plan for 2023-24

Each year, the Board agrees a delivery plan to meet the agreed objectives and the following supporting tasks:

- The Asset Management Plan;
- · The Design Guide;
- · Financial Planning, value for money and risk management;
- Governance compliance and development.

Against each of the themes, specific tasks to deliver each objective are grouped into clear work areas for our Board and staff team.

The delivery plan is at the core of the Chief Executive's performance agreement. Internally, the delivery plan is enlarged to include staff responsibilities and linkages between tasks. Performance against this plan is monitored each quarter by the Board. It is fully reviewed each March to ensure its continued relevance. This review may lead to amendment or replacement of the Business Plan itself if changes to our operating environment require it.

Performance in the year ended 31 March 2024

Turnover

Turnover was £12.8m (2023: £13.4m) which includes £3.8m (2023: £4.1m) of grants transferred from deferred income on the completion of a project. Included within the turnover is income from rents and services charges of £8.8m (2023: £8.2m) and other revenue grants from Scottish Ministers £nil (2023: £0.7m).

Operating Costs

Operating costs of £6.1m (2023: £5.9m) are higher than the previous year due principally to increased repairs and maintenance expenditure and higher depreciation.

Interest Payable

Due to interest rate rises in 2022/23 which applied throughout the whole of 2023/24 interest costs of £1.3m (2023: £1.1m) are higher than in the prior year. These interest rate rises adversely affected the interest charged on the variable rate loans within our portfolio.

Operating Surplus for the Year

Operating Surplus on ordinary activities for the year was £6.7m (2023: £7.4m). This reflects lower grant receipts from Scottish Ministers, lower grant income transferred from deferred income for a project completed during the year and higher depreciation charges.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Reserves

Financial reserves, consisting of revenue reserves set aside to manage the general risks faced by the association, stood at £28.3m (2023: £28.8m). This represents a decrease of 1.8% on the year.

Cash flow

We generated 3.8m (2023: £4.3m) from our operating activities.

Interest payable was £1.3m (2023: £1.1m) offset in part by interest receivable of £0.2m (2023: £0.1m).

We spent £4.3m (2023: £9.4m) on our development projects, improvement works and acquisitions.

We also repaid £1m (2023: £1m) of loan principal during the year. At 31 March 2024 our cash holdings had reduced by £0.3m to £8.2m.

Capital Structure and Treasury Policy

Borrowings at the year-end were £30.7m, down from £31.4m. This debt is borrowed wholly from banks and building societies in the UK together with finance through the Scottish Government's Bond finance scheme.

The Board recognises that the association's level of debt makes it important to consider its treasury policy. The treasury function operates within a framework of clearly defined Board approved policies, procedures and delegated authorities. The association borrows on a conventional basis with loans typically repayable over 25 to 30 years. These loans are mainly secured over the properties being financed.

The association's financial position is sound. We comply with all of our lender's covenants and, based on our financial projections, will continue to do so into the future.

The introduction of FRS 102 altered how financial information is reported and it is now of crucial importance that any potential impact on our covenant position is fully examined prior to approving any new initiative.

We will continue to manage our finances in a prudent manner and will also deliver value for money to our tenants and private owners.

We will achieve this by:

- Setting rents at levels which are affordable to our tenants.
- Providing a high-quality service, and
- Tight cost control.

We have a well-motivated and skilled workforce of 34 employees with a relatively low staff turnover. We are full members of Employers in Voluntary Housing which provides us with support in managing and developing our staff to foster a culture of continuous improvement.

The association has implemented a number of strategies which we expect will contribute and inform the above actions.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Review of Business and Future Developments (Contd.)

The Association continues to invest in housing through its development and refurbishment programme. However, new build opportunities are limited due to land availability and current levels of Scottish government grant support. We will look towards innovative approaches in generating finance to allow much needed new houses to be delivered where possible.

Our major repair programme remains a key element of our strategy to provide good quality homes for all our tenants. Our financial projections demonstrate that we will be able to meet our obligations under the Scottish Housing Quality Standards and the current EESSH requirements.

We are aware of the possible adverse impact that an economic downturn or recession whether caused by events at home or on a wider stage may have on our tenants. Our housing and money advice officers work closely with all our tenants identifying issues as early as possible to ensure that our tenants are aware of the different types of assistance available to them. In this way it is hoped to minimise rent arrears, irrecoverable debts and other costs associated with rent arrears.

Board of Trustees and Executive Officers

The members of the Board of Trustees and the Executive Officers are listed on page 1.

The Executive Officers hold no interest in the Association's assets and, although not having the legal status of directors, they act as executives within the authority delegated by the Board of Trustees.

The members of the Board of Trustees are also trustees of the charity. Members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the members at the Association's Annual General Meeting.

Statement of Board of Trustees' Responsibilities

The Companies Act 2006 requires the Board of Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements the Board of Trustees is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business; and
- prepare a statement on internal financial control.

The Board of Trustees is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and to enable it to: ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2024. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. It is also responsible for ensuring the Association's suppliers are paid promptly.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Going Concern

Based on its budgetary and forecasting processes the Board of Trustees has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future; therefore, it continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Statement on Internal Financial Control

The Board of Trustees acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information used within the Association, or for publication;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records;
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Board of Trustees' responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of Association's assets;
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the management team and the Board of Trustees to monitor key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- quarterly financial management reports are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies:
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Board of Trustees;
- the Board of Trustees receives reports from management and from the external and internal auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken;
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any
 weaknesses identified through internal or external audit reports.

The Board of Trustees has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2024. No weaknesses were found in the internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

Disclosure of Information to the Auditor

The members of the Board of Trustees at the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant information of which the auditors are unaware. They confirm that they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditors.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Auditor

A resolution to reappoint the Auditors, Alexander Sloan LLP, Accountants and Business Advisers, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board of Trustees

C Donald Secretary

4 September 2024

REPORT BY THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF AYRSHIRE HOUSING ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS

In addition to our audit of the financial statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 11 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained in the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement of Internal Financial Control on page 11 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the financial statements.

Through enquiry of certain members of the Board of Trustees and Officers of the Company and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Board of Trustees's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

KEVIN G BOOTH (SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR)
ALEXANDER SLOAN LLP

Statutory Auditors GLASGOW 4 September 2024 Alexander Sloan
Accountants and Business Advisers

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AYRSHIRE HOUSING FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ayrshire Housing (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of the surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2024.

In our opinion the exemption granted by the Financial Conduct Authority from the requirement to prepare Group Accounts is applicable as the amounts involved are not material.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Board of Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information contained in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AYRSHIRE HOUSING FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 (continued)

Other Information (Contd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper books of account have not been kept by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the legislation;
- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the legislation;
- the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Statement of Financial Position are not in agreement with the books of account of the Company; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of Board of Trustees' responsibilities as set out on page 10, the Board of Trustees is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board of Trustees determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Trustees either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AYRSHIRE HOUSING FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 (continued)

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we gained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the Company through discussions with management, and from our wider knowledge and experience of the RSL sector:
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material
 effect on the financial statements or the operations of the Company, including the Companies
 Act 2006, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and other laws and regulations applicable to a
 registered social housing provider in Scotland. We also considered the risks of non-compliance
 with the other requirements imposed by the Scottish Housing Regulator and we considered the
 extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements.
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in Note 1 were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reviewing the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- · reviewing the Company's Assurance Statement and associated supporting information; and
- reviewing correspondence with the Scottish Housing Regulator.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AYRSHIRE HOUSING FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 (continued)

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud (Contd.)

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of noncompliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the Directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. The description forms part of our audit report.

Use of our Report

This report is made solely to the Company's members as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

KEVIN G BOOTH (SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR) ALEXANDER SLOAN LLP

Statutory Auditors **GLASGOW** 4 September 2024

Alexander Sloan Accountants and Business Advisers

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	£	2024 £	£	2023 £
Revenue	2		12,804,788		13,394,736
Operating costs	2		6,138,072		5,951,446
OPERATING SURPLUS			6,666,716		7,443,290
(Loss)/gain on sale of housing stock	7	(193,348)		(177,032)	
Interest receivable and other income		176,838		69,188	
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(1,318,277)		(1,067,236)	
Decrease in valuation of housing properties on initial measurement	12(a)	(5,892,783)		(6,491,119)	
Other Finance income/(charges)	11	(2,000)		(13,000)	
Deficit on ordinary activities before taxation DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR	9		(7,229,570) (562,854) (562,854)		(7,679,199) (235,909) (235,909)
Other comprehensive income					
Revaluation movements			6,622,069		19,324,579
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit pension plan	19		(526,000)		795,000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			5,533,215		19,883,670

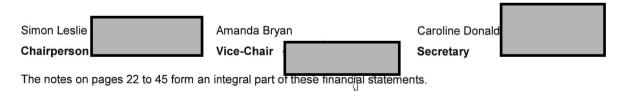
The results relate wholly to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 22 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes		2024		2023
		£	£	£	£
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Housing properties - depreciated	00000		101 000 071		07.005.000
valuation Other tangible assets	12 12		101,228,874 1,403,758		97,865,680 1,464,606
Other tangible assets	12		1,403,738		
			102,632,632		99,330,286
CURRENT ASSETS					
Receivables	13	250,769		822,450	
Investments	14	1		1	
Cash and cash equivalents	15	8,201,055		8,500,463	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due		8,451,825		9,322,914	
within one year	16	(3,085,993)		(3,327,101)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			5,365,832		5,995,813
NET CONNENT AGGETG					
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			107,998,464		105,326,099
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	17		(29,401,235)		(30, 206, 023)
PENSIONS AND OTHER					
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
AND CHARGES					
Scottish housing association pension	200	(475.000)		(110.000)	
scheme	19	(475,000)		(112,000)	
			(475,000)		(112,000)
DEFERRED INCOME			((, ,
Social housing grants	20	(2,761,619)		(5,180,681)	
			(2,761,619)		(5,180,681)
NET ASSETS			75,360,610		69,827,395
EQUITY					
Revenue reserves			28,330,562		28,846,152
Revaluation reserve			47,505,048		41,093,243
Pension reserves			(475,000)		(112,000)
			75,360,610		69,827,395
			7 3,360,610		09,027,395

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue and signed on their behalf on 4 September 2024.



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	£	2024 £	£	2023 £
Surplus for the Year Adjustments for non-cash items:			(562,854)		(235,909)
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Release of Capital grants Loss/(gain) on disposal of tangible fixed	12 20	1,393,495 (3,805,053)		1,073,372 (4,129,632)	
assets Movement in fair value adjustment Non-cash adjustments to pension provisi	12(a) ons	193,348 5,892,783 (163,000)		177,032 6,491,122 296,000	
Interest receivable Interest payable	8		3,511,573 (176,838) 1,318,277		3,907,894 (69,188) 1,067,236
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital			4,090,158		4,670,033
Change in creditors Change in creditors		90,626 (359,058)	(268,432)	(109,914) (265,189)	(375,103)
Net cash inflow from operating activities			3,821,726		4,294,930
Investing Activities Acquisition and construction of properties Purchase of other fixed assets Social housing grant received Proceeds on disposal of housing properties		(4,246,078) (2,647) 1,904,505 118,978		(9,359,638) (58,871) 1,745,089 127,908	
Net cash outflow from investing activities			(2,225,242)		(7,545,512)
Financing Activities Interest received on cash and cash equivaler Interest paid on loans Loan principal repayments	nts	139,379 (1,028,769) (1,006,502)		69,188 (1,067,236) (709,756)	
Net cash outflow from financing activities			(1,895,892)		(1,707,804)
Decrease in cash	21		(299,408)		(4,958,386)
Opening cash & cash equivalents			8,500,463		13,458,849
Closing cash & cash equivalents			8,201,055		8,500,463
Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 March Cash	1 21		8,201,055		8,500,463
			8,201,055		8,500,463

The notes on pages 22 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

		Strathclyde	Scottish Housing		
	Revaluation	Pension	Association	Revenue	
	Reserve	Reserve	Pension reserve	Reserve	Total
	બ	G.	ડ્ય	3	બ
Balance as at 1 April 2022	21,768,664	(611,000)	•	28,786,061	49,943,725
Other comprehensive income	1	629,000	166,000		795,000
Revaluation in year	19,324,579	,	ì		19,324,579
Other movements		(18,000)	(278,000)	296,000	ı
Deficit for the year	1	1		(235,909)	(235,909)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	41,093,243		(112,000)	28,846,152	69,827,395
Balance as at 1 April 2023	41,093,243	Ĩ	(112,000)	28,846,152	69,827,395
Other comprehensive income		T	(526,000)	I.	(526,000)
Revaluation in year	6,622,069	ī	ĺ		6,622,069
Other movements	(210,264)	1	163,000	47,264	Ī
Deficit for the year	ı	1	1	(562,854)	(562,854)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	47,505,048	•	(475,000)	28,330,562	75,360,610

The notes on pages 22 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of Compliance and Basis of Accounting

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Statement of Recommended Practice for social housing providers 2018. The Association is a Public Benefit Entity in terms of its compliance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, applicable for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. They comply with the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2024. A summary of the principal accounting policies is set out below.

Revenue

Revenue comprises rental and service charge income receivable in the period, income from shared ownership first tranche sales, sales of properties built for sale, other services provided, revenue grants receivable and government grants released to income in the period.

The Association recognises rent receivable net of losses from voids. Service Charge Income (net of voids) is recognised with expenditure as it is incurred as this is considered to be the point when the service has been performed and the revenue recognition criteria is met.

A grant that imposes specified future performance conditions on the company is recognised only when those conditions are met. A grant received before the revenue recognition criteria is satisfied is recognised as a liability. For Social Housing Grant this means that the grant is recognised as revenue on completion of the property.

Retirement Benefits

The Association participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme and the Strathclyde Pension Fund, multi-employer defined benefit schemes. Retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the Scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting Actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating organisations taken as a whole. The Association accounts for this scheme as a defined benefit pension scheme in accordance with FRS 102.

Going Concern

On the basis that the Board of Trustees has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, the Association has adopted the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

Housing Properties

Housing properties are held for the provision of social housing. Housing properties are stated at valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes acquisition of land and buildings and development cost. The Association depreciates housing properties over the useful life of each major component. Housing under construction and land are not depreciated.

Component	Useful Economic Life
Building	Over 60 years
Roof	Over 40 years
Windows	Over 30 years
Radiators	Over 30 years
Boilers	Over 15 years
Bathrooms	Over 30 years
Kitchens	Over 20 years
Wiring	Over 30 years
Lift	Over 20 years
Smoke detectors	Over 10 years

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued.)

Depreciation and Impairment of Other Tangible Assets

Non-current assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged over the expected economic useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates:

Asset CategoryDepreciation RateFurniture and Fittings20% straight lineIT Systems20% straight lineOffices2% straight lineLet properties20% straight line

The carrying values of non-current assets are reviewed for impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Social Housing Grants and Other Capital Grants

Social housing grants and other capital grants are accounted for using the Performance Method as outlined in Section 24 of Financial Reporting Standard 102. Grants are treated as deferred income and recognised in income on completion of the project to which the grant relates.

Social housing grant attributed to individual components is written off to the statement of comprehensive income when these components are replaced.

Although social housing grant is treated as a grant for accounting purposes, it may nevertheless become repayable in certain circumstances, such as the disposal of certain assets. The amount repayable would be restricted to the net proceeds of sale.

Sales Of Housing Properties

First tranche shared ownership disposals are credited to turnover on completion. The cost of construction of these sales is taken to operating cost. In accordance with the statement of recommended practice, disposals of subsequent tranches are treated as non-current asset disposals with the gain or loss on disposal shown in the statement of comprehensive income.

Disposals under shared equity schemes are accounted for in the statement of comprehensive income. The remaining equity in the property is treated as a non-current asset investment, which is matched with the grant received.

Taxation

The Association is a Registered Scottish Charity and is not liable to taxation on its charitable activities.

Leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term. Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the Statement of Financial Position and are depreciated over their useful lives or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter.

Works to Existing Properties

The Association capitalises major repairs expenditure where these works result in an enhancement of economic benefits by increasing the net rental stream over the life of the property, a material reduction in future maintenance costs, or a significant extention of the life of the property.

Capitalisation Of Development Overheads

Directly attributable development administration costs relating to ongoing development activities are capitalised.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued.)

Borrowing Costs

Interest incurred on financing a development is capitalised up to the date of practical completion of the scheme. All other borrowing costs are expensed to the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest rate method.

Property Development Cost

The proportion of the development cost of shared ownership properties expected to be disposed of as a first tranche sale is held in current assets until it is disposed of. The remaining part of the development cost is treated as a non-current asset. Surpluses made on the disposal of first tranche sales are taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Property developments that are intended for resale are included in current assets until disposal.

Financial Instruments - Basic

The Association classes all of its loans as basic financial instruments including agreements with break clauses. The Association recognises basic financial instruments in accordance with Section 11 of Financial Reporting Standard 102.

The Association's debt instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

Cash and Liquid Resources

Cash comprises cash at bank and in hand, deposits repayable on demand less overdrafts. Liquid resources are current asset investments that cannot be disposed of without penalty and are readily convertible into amounts of cash at their carrying value.

Impairment

The Association assesses at the end of each accounting period whether there are indications that a noncurrent asset may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed

Where the carrying value of non-current assets is less than their recoverable amounts the shortfall is recognised as an impairment loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use of the asset based on its service potential.

Impairment losses previously recognised are reversed if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued.)

Key Judgements and estimates made in the application of Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting judgements and accounting estimates. It also requires the the Association to exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies. The areas requiring a higher degree of judgement, or complexity, and areas where assumptions or estimates are most significant to the financial statements are disclosed below.

Key Judgements

a) Categorisation of Housing Properties

In the judgement of the Board of Trustees the entirety of the Association's housing stock is held for social benefit and is therefore classified as Property, Plant and Equipment in accordance with FRS 102.

b) Identification of cash generating units

The Board of Trustees considers its cash-generating units to be the schemes in which it manages its housing property for asset management purposes.

c) Valuation of housing properties

As described in note 12 to the financial statements, housing properties are valued by Jones Lang LaSalle, Chartered Surveyors, on the following bases where applicable:

- Existing Use Value for Social Housing;
- Market Value subject to existing tenancies where applicable; and
- Market Value assuming Vacant Possession on a non-reliance basis

In arriving at their valuation, they undertook a comprehensive programme of research to supplement their knowledge and understanding of the properties. This included:

- researching local vacant possession values through conversations with local estate agents together with internet research and using RightmovePlus, a bespoke tool for comparable evidence;
- comparing the current Ayrshire Housing's passing rents with peers in the market;
- examining local benchmark affordable rents and comparing these with Ayrshire Housing's rents; and
- analysing data provided by Ayrshire Housing.

d) Financial instrument break clauses

The Board of Trustees has considered the break clauses attached to the financial instruments that it has in place for its loan funding. In their judgement these break clauses do not cause the financial instrument to be classified as a complex financial instrument and therefore they meet the definition of a basic financial instrument.

e) Pension Liability

The Association participates in a defined benefit pension scheme arrangement with the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme. The fund is administered by the Pensions Trust. The Pension Trust have developed a method of calculating each member's share of the assets and liabilities of the scheme. The Association has decided that this method is appropriate and provides a reasonable estimate of the pension assets and liabilities of the Association and has therefore adopted this valuation method. Judgements relating to the benefits issue are included in Note 29.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued.)

Estimation Uncertainty

a) Rent Arrears - Bad Debt Provision

The Association assesses the recoverability of rent arrears through a detailed assessment process which considers tenant payment history, arrangements in place and court action.

b) Life Cycle of Components

The Association estimates the useful lives of major components of its housing property with reference to surveys carried out by external qualified surveyors.

c) Useful life of properties, plant and equipment

The Association assesses the useful life of its properties, plant and equipment and estimates the annual charge to be depreciated based on this assessment.

d) Costs of shared ownership

The Association allocates costs to shared ownership properties on an percentage basis split across the number of properties the Association owns.

e) Defined pension liability

In determining the value of the Association's share of defined benefit pension scheme assets and obligations, the valuation prepared by the Scheme actuary includes estimates of life expectancy, salary growth, inflation and the discount rate on corporate bonds.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2. PARTICULARS OF TUR	RNOVER, O	OPERATING (COSTS ANI	OPERAT	NG SURPLUS	OR DEFICIT	
			2024			2023	
				Operating			Operating
			Operating	surplus /		Operating	surplus /
	Notes	Turnover	costs	(deficit)	Turnover	costs	(deficit)
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Affordable letting activities	3	12,614,188	5,998,177	6,616,011	13,093,153	5,641,472	7,451,681
Other Activities	4	190,600	139,895	50,705	301,583	309,974	(8,391)
Total		12,804,788	6,138,072	6,666,716	13,394,736	5,951,446	7,443,290

3. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT FROM AFFORDABLE LETTING ACTIVITIES

	General Needs Housing £	Shared Ownership £	2024 Total £	2023 Total £
Revenue from Lettings				
Rent receivable inclusive of service charges	8,848,067	25,542	8,873,609	8,285,057
Gross income from rent and service charges	8,848,067	25,542	8,873,609	8.285.057
Less: Rent losses from voids	64,474	-	64,474	51,223
Income from rents and service charges	8,783,593	25,542	8,809,135	8,233,834
Grants released from deferred income	3,805,053		3,805,053	4,129,632
Revenue grants from Scottish Ministers				729,687
Total turnover from affordable letting activities	12,588,646	25,542	12,614,188	13,093,153
Expenditure on affordable letting activities				
Management and maintenance administration costs	2,220,786	6,800	2,227,586	2,390,669
Service costs	228,451	-	228,451	183,866
Planned and cyclical maintenance, including major	287,531	-0	287,531	418,286
Reactive maintenance costs	1,906,882	_	1,906,882	1,630,879
Bad Debts - rents and service charges	17,727	-	17,727	8,772
Depreciation of affordable let properties	1,324,505	5,495	1,330,000	1,009,000
Operating costs of affordable letting activities	5,985,882	12,295	5,998,177	5,641,472
Operating surplus on affordable letting activities	6,602,764	13,247	6,616,011	7,451,681
2023	7,438,020	13,661		

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

4. PARTICULARS OF REVENUE, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

					Operating	Operating
	Other			Other	surplus	surplus
	revenue	Other	Total	operating	/ (deficit)	/ (deficit)
	grants	income	Turnover	costs	2024	2023
	3	c)	3	3	3	4
Factoring	•	27,131	27,131	17,328	9,803	1,514
Other activities	144,046	19,423	163,469	122,567	40,902	(9,905)
Total From Other Activities	144,046	46,554	190,600	139,895	50,705	(8,391)
2023	263,000	38,583	301,583	309,974	(8,391)	

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

OFFICERS' EMOLUMENTS		
	2024 £	2023 £
Aggregate emoluments payable to Officers with emoluments greater than	~	~
£60,000 (excluding pension contributions)	330,766	265,599
Pension contributions made on behalf of Officers with emoluments greater		
than £60,000	53,326	51,425
Emoluments payable to Executive Officer, resigned 16 February 2024	77,827	85,236
Pension contributions paid on behalf of the Executive Officer, resigned 16		
February 2024	15,253	16,478
Fotal emoluments payable to the Executive Officer, resigned 16 February 2024	93,080	101,714
024	93,000	101,714
Emoluments payable to Chief Executive, appointed 12 February 2024	12,093	-
Pension contributions paid on behalf of the Chief Executive, appointed 12	4 00 4	
February 2024	1,394	
Fotal emoluments payable to the Chief Executive, appointed 12 February 2024	13,487	_
		050,000
otal emoluments paid to key management personnel	469,313	352,098
The number of Officers, including the highest paid Officer, who received emol contributions, over £60,000 was in the following ranges:-	uments, inclu	ding pension
	Number	Number
£60,001 to £70,000	-	2
70,001 to £80,000	1	
280,001 to £90,000 290,001 to £100,000	2 1	1
E110,001 to £120,000		1
£120,001 to £130,000	1	
EMPLOYEE INFORMATION		
	2024	2023
A	No.	No.
Average monthly number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year	30	30
Average total number of employees employed during the year	34	33
Staff costs were:	£	£
Vages and salaries	1,145,284	1,150,587
lational insurance costs	123,419	132,568
Pension costs	147,237	255,699
Settlement Payment	45,355	-
Temporary, agency and seconded staff		17,987
Temporary, agency and seconded staff	1,461,295	17,987

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

7. LOSS ON SALE OF HOUSING STOCK	DMX DMM (1997) 37 55 67	
	2024	2023
Sales proceeds Cost of sales	£ 124,999 (318,347)	£ 130,000 (307,032)
Loss on sale of housing stock	(193,348)	(177,032)
8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	2024 £	2023 £
On bank loans and overdrafts Non-utilisation fees	1,316,787 1,490	1,064,036 3,200
	1,318,277	1,067,236
The capitalisation rate of capitalised development period interes	et was 1 99% (2023 - 1 9	0%)

The capitalisation rate of capitalised development period interest was 1.99% (2023 - 1.99%).

9. DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR

	2024	2023
Deficit For The Year is stated after charging/(crediting):	£	£
Depreciation - non-current assets	1,393,495	1,073,372
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	9,203	9,950
Operating lease rentals - other	10,836	11,585

10. CORPORATION TAX

The Association is a Registered Scottish Charity and is not liable to United Kingdom Corporation Tax on its charitable activities.

11. OTHER FINANCE INCOME / (CHARGES)

	2024	2023
	£	£
Net interest on pension obligations	(2,000)	(13,000)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

12.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
	(a) Housing Properties	Housing Properies Held for Letting £	Housing Properties in Course of Construction £	Shared Ownership Completed £	Total £	
	COST / VALUATION					
	At 1 April 2023	88,505,000	8,990,680	370,000	97,865,680	
	Additions	1,294,927	2,981,307	-	4,276,234	
	Disposals Write down on initial	(312,326)	-		(312,326)	
	measurement	(5,892,783)			(5,892,783)	
	Revaluation	5,297,069	-	(5,000)	5,292,069	
	Transfers	7,663,113	(7,663,113)	-	-	
	At 31 March 2024	96,555,000	4,308,874	365,000	101,228,874	
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 April 2023	-	-	_	-	
	Charge for Year	1,324,505	-	5,495	1,330,000	
	Transfer on Revaluation	(1,324,505)		(5,495)	(1,330,000)	
	Disposals		·	=	=	
	At 31 March 2024				-	
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 31 March 2024	96,555,000	4,308,874	365,000	101,228,874	
	At 31 March 2023	88,505,000	8,990,680	370,000	97,865,680	
			20	24	20	23
			Component	Improvements /	Component	Improvements /
	Expenditure on Existing Pro	operties	replacement	Repairs	replacement	Repairs
			£	£	£	£
	Amounts capitalised		1,294,927	-	1,353,099	=
	Amounts charged to the state comprehensive income	ment of	:-	2,440,192	-	2,249,702

Additions to housing properties include capitalised development administration costs of £130,476 (2023 - £159,956).

The Association's lenders have standard securities over housing property with a carry value of £61,885,000 (2023 - £59,240,000).

All housing properties were fully revalued on the basis of existing value for social housing at 31 March 2024 including housing properties secured by RBS in line with the loan agreement. Both valuatiions were carried out by Jones Lang LaSalle, Chartered Surveyors. The valuations have been prepared in accordance with the current RICS Valuation - Global Standards.

If housing properties had not been revalued, they would have been included as follows:

All land and housing properties are heritable.

	2024 £	2023 £
Cost of properties	156,654,590	152,501,644
Less: Social Housing and Other Grants	82,259,124	80,873,132
	74,395,466	71,628,512
Depreciation	(13,723,668)	(12,605,026)
	60,671,798	59,023,486

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(b) Other tangible assets	Office Premises £	Furniture & Equipment £	Let Furniture & Fittings £	Computer Equipment £	Total £
COST					
At 1 April 2023	1,526,880	97,144	161,920	333,462	2,119,406
Additions/(transfers)	-			2,647	2,647
At 31 March 2024	1,526,880	97,144	161,920	336,109	2,122,053
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 April 2023	168,359	80,638	161,920	243,883	654,800
Charge for year	30,571	4,211		28,713	63,495
At 31 March 2024	198,930	84,849	161,920	272,596	718,295
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 March 2024	1,327,950	12,295		63,513	1,403,758
At 31 March 2023	1,358,521	16,506	-	89,579	1,464,606

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

13. RECEIVABLES	WHAT SEE LESS SEE	
	2024 £	2023 £
Gross arrears of rent and service charges Less: Provision for doubtful debts	108,854 (57,668)	111,185 (57,668)
Net arrears of rent and service charges Social housing grant receivable Other receivables	51,186 - 1 <u>99,583</u>	53,517 518,514 250,419
14. CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS	250,769	8 <u>22,450</u>
	2024 £	2023 £
Subsidiary Investment	1	1

Ayrshire Housing holds the one issued share of Ayrshire Homestake Limited, a company registered in Scotland.

Ayrshire Homestake Limited is currently non trading.

15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	2024	2023
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	8,201,055	8,500,463
	8,201,055	8,500,463

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

16. PAYABLES: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans	1,283,468	1,254,403
Other loans	60,000	60,000
Trade payables	733,066	661,267
Rent received in advance	415,348	603,860
Other taxation and social security	30,207	33,605
Other payables	265,812	301,200
Accruals and deferred income	298,093	412,766
	3,085,994	3,327,101
17. PAYABLES: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE	YEAR	
	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans	29,401,235	30,146,023
Other creditor	-	60,000
	29,401,235	30,206,023
18. DEBT ANALYSIS - BORROWINGS		
	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank Loans		
Amounts due within one year	1,283,468	1,254,403
Amounts due in one year or more but less than two years	3,315,483	3,298,428
Amounts due in two years or more but less than five years	6,967,864	2,515,550
Amounts due in more than five years	19,117,888	24,332,045
	30,684,703	31,400,426

The Association has a number of bank loans the principal terms of which are as follows:

Lender	Number of Properties Secured	Effective Interest Rate	Maturity (Year)	Variable or Fixed
Royal Bank of Scotland	570	5.62% -6.79%	2028 - 2040	Variable & Fixed
Nationwide	257	5.7%	2025 - 2035	Variable
Bank of Scotland	231	5.46% -8.10%	2027 - 2035	Variable & Fixed
Allia		1.88% - 3.27%	2026 - 2035	Fixed

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme

Ayrshire Housing participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (the Scheme), a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 150 non-associated employers. The Scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pensions schemes in the UK.

The last valuation of the Scheme was performed as at 30 September 2021 by a professionally qualified actuary using the Projected Unit Credit method. The market value of the Scheme's assets at the valuation date was £1,173m. The valuation revealed a shortfall of assets compared with the value of liabilities of £27m (equivalent to a past service funding level of 98%).

The Scheme operates on a 'last man standing' basis, meaning that in the event of an employer withdrawing from the Scheme and being unable to pay its share of the debt on withdrawal, then the liability of the withdrawing employer is reapportioned amongst the remaining employer. Therefore in certain circumstances the Association may become liable for the obligations of a third party.

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit asset / (liability)

	2024	2023	2022
	£	£	£
Fair value of plan assets	2,778,000	2,566,000	4,277,000
Present value of defined benefit obligation	3,253,000	2,678,000	4,218,000
Surplus / (deficit) in plan	(475,000)	(112,000)	59,000
Unrecognised surplus	-	-	(59,000)
Defined benefit asset / (liability) to be recognised	(475,000)	(112,000)	-

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued.)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	2024 £	2023 £
Defined benefit obligation at the start of period	2,678,000	4,218,000
Current service cost	70,000	141,000
Expenses	4,000	3,000
Interest expense	130,000	117,000
Contributions by plan participants	99,000	87,000
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	434,000	(368,000)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	(15,000)	(49,000)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	26,000	(1,208,000)
Benefits paid and expenses	(173,000)	(263,000)
Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	3,253,000	2,678,000
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets		
	2024	2023
	£	£
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	2,566,000	4,277,000
Interest income	127,000	120,000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest		
income) - gain (loss)	(8,000)	(1,853,000)
Contributions by the employer	167,000	198,000
Contributions by plan participants	99,000	87,000
Benefits paid and expenses	(173,000)	(263,000)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of period	2,778,000	2,566,000

The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) over the period ended 31 March 2024 was £119,000 (2023 - (£1,733,000))

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (coninued)

Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued.)

Defined benefit costs recognised in the statement of compre	nensive
income	

income	2024 £	2023 £
Current service cost	70,000	141,000
Expenses	4,000	3,000
Net interest expense	3,000	-
Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive income	77,000	144,000
Defined benefit costs recognised in the other comprehensive income		
	2024	2023
	£	£
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest		
income) - gain /(loss)	(8,000)	(1,853,000)
Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss)	(434,000)	368,000
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain /(loss)	15,000	49,000
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present	10,000	43,000
value of the defined benefit obligations - gain / (loss)	(26,000)	1,208,000
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the		
surplus not being recognisable) - gain / (loss)	(453,000)	(228,000)
	(100,000)	(220,000)
Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable (excluding amounts included in interest cost) - gain / (loss)		62,000
(excluding amounts included in interest cost) - gain / (loss)	-	02,000
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain (loss)	(453,000)	(166,000)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued.)

Α	0	c	e	te

	2024 £	2023 £	2022 £
Absolute Return	125,000	35,000	196,000
Alternative Risk Premia	100,000	15,000	177,000
Corporate Bond Fund	=	3,000	270,000
Credit Relative Value	98,000	98,000	137,000
Distressed Opportunities	102,000	79,000	153,000
Emerging Markets Debt	49,000	20,000	159,000
Currency Hedging	(1,000)	5,000	(16,000)
Global Equity	319,000	68,000	846,000
Infrastructure	266,000	276,000	267,000
Insurance-Linked Securities	17,000	71,000	90,000
Liability Driven Investment	1,005,000	1,086,000	1,035,000
Long Lease Property	21,000	86,000	123,000
Net Current Assets	3,000	6,000	14,000
Over 15 Year Gilts	-	-	2,000
Private Debt	112,000	115,000	108,000
Property	117,000	107,000	111,000
Risk Sharing	167,000	187,000	139,000
Secured Income	93,000	172,000	228,000
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	111,000	113,000	142,000
Liquid Credit	-	-	27,000
Opportunistic Credit / Private Equity	2,000	-	15,000
Cash	72,000	11,000	12,000
High Yield	-	13,000	42,000
Total assets	2,778,000	2,566,000	4,277,000

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investment in the Association's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by the Association.

Key Assumptions	2024	2023	2022
Discount Rate	4.9%	4.9%	2.8%
Inflation (RPI)	3.1%	3.2%	3.5%
Inflation (CPI)	2.8%	2.8%	3.2%
Salary Growth	4.8%	3.8%	4.2%
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at	75% of max	kimum allowa	nce
retirement			

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2024 imply the following life expectancies:

Life expectancy at age

65 years

	(years)
Male retiring in 2024	20.2
Female retiring in 2024	22.7
Male retiring in 2044	21.4
Female retiring in 2044	24.1

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Strathclyde Pension Fund Defined Benefit Scheme

The Association operates a defined benefit scheme as an admitted body under the Strathclyde Pension Fund, the assets of which are held in a separate trustee administered fund.

The administering authority has responsibility for the management of the Fund. As most of the Fund's investments are equity based, there is an inherent risk of volatility in the investment market having a significant effect on the value of the fund's assets. In order to mitigate this risk, the Fund holds a diverse investment portfolio with a range of investment managers.

The following figures are prepared by the Actuaries in accordance with their understanding of FRS 102 and Guidance Note 36: Accounting for Retirement Benefits under FRS 102 issued by the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries.

Principal Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as at 31 March	2024	2023
	%p.a.	%p.a.
Pension Increase Rate (CPI)	2.75	2.95
Salary Increase Rate	3.45	3.65
Discount Rate	4.85	4.75

Expected Return on Assets

The expected return on assets is based on the long-term future expected investment return for each asset class as at the beginning of the period as follows:

Asset Class	2024 % p.a.	2023 % p.a.
Equities Bonds Property Cash	58% 27% 10% 5%	60% 28% 10% 2%

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Strathclyde Pension Fund Defined Benefit Scheme (continued)

Mortality Rates

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves with improvements in line with the CMI 2022 model, with a 25% weighting of 2022 data, a 0% weighting of 2021 (and 2020) data, standard smoothing (Sk7), initial adjustment of 0.25% and a long term rate of improvement of 1.5% p.a. for both males and females. Based on these assumptions, the average future life expectancies at age 65 are summarised below:

		Males (Years)	Females (Years)
Current Pensioners		21.1	20.3
Future Pensioners		21.7	25.5
Net Pension Liability	2024	2023	2022
Fair value of annulavada acceta	£	£	£
Fair value of employer's assets Present value of scheme liabilities	2,655,000 (2,655,000)	2,420,000 (2,420,000)	2,952,000 (3,563,000)
	(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)
	-		(611,000)
Reconciliation of fair value of employer assets			
· construction of the cons	2024	2023	2022
	£	£	£
Opening fair value of employer assets	2,420,000	2,952,000	2,606,000
Expected return on assets	145,000	82,000	53,000
Contributions by members	23,000	23,000	22,000
Contributions by the employer	153,000	155,000	155,000
Other Experience	36,000		-
Return on assets excluding amounts included in		((50.000)	
net interest	148,000	(150,000)	153,000
Change in asset ceiling	(146,000)	(604,000)	-
Estimated benefits paid	(124,000)	(38,000)	(37,000)
	2,655,000	2,420,000	2,952,000
Reconciliation of defined benefit obligations			
	2024	2023	2022
	£	£	£
Opening defined benefit obligation	2,420,000	3,563,000	3,617,000
Current service cost	81,000	157,000	171,000
Interest cost	115,000	98,000	74,000
Contributions by members	23,000	23,000	22,000
Changes to financial assumptions	140,000	(1,383,000)	(284,000)
Estimated benefits paid	(124,000)	(38,000)	(37,000)
	2,655,000	2,420,000	3,563,000

Comprehensive income

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Strathclyde Pension Fund Defined Benefit Scheme (continued)

Analysis of amount charged to the statement of comprehensive income

	2024 £	2023 £	
Charged to operating costs:			
Service cost	81,000	157,000	
	-	8	
	81,000	157,000	
		2	
Charged to other finance costs / (income)			
Expected return on employer assets	(145,000)	(82,000)	
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	144,000	98.000	
200 Benefit where it graph of the larger is territorial on the larger of 2000 and the larger of 2000 and 2000 a			
	(1,000)	16,000	
Net charge to the statement of comprehensive income	80,000	173,000	
not once go to the outlement of comprehensions mooning			
Actuarial gain / (loss) recognised in other comprehensive	e income		
	2024	2023	2022
	£	£	£
Changes in financial assumptions	166,000	(1,484,000)	(266,000)
Changes in demographic assumptions	(18,000)	(23,000)	(22,000)
Other experience	(252,000)	124,000	4,000
Return on assets excluding amounts included			
in net interest	148,000	150,000	(153,000)
Change in asset ceiling	(117,000)	604,000	-
Total remeasurement recognised in Other			
rotal remeded enter recognised in Other			

Analysis of projected amount to be charged to the statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2025

(73,000)

(629,000)

(437,000)

	£	% of pay
Projected current service cost	(75,000)	(22.1)
Interest on obligation	(166,000)	(48.8)
Expected return on plan assets	166,000	48.7
	(75,000)	(22.2)

Contributions made by the Association for the year ended 31 March 2025 are estimated to be approximately £50,000.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

20. DEFERRED INCOME

	Social Housing Grants	Total
TRUTH STEEL STATES AND SELECTION OF STATES	£	£
Capital grants received		
At 1 April 2023	5,180,681	5,180,681
Additions in the year	1,385,991	1,385,991
Transferred to income	(3,805,053)	(3,805,053)
At 31 March 2024	2,761,619	2,761,619
Net book value		
At 31 March 2024	2,761,619	2,761,619
At 31 March 2023	5,180,681	5,180,681
This is expected to be released to the Statement of Comp following years:	rehensive Income i	n the
	2024	2023
	£	£
Amounts due within one year	1,385,992	3,805,053
Amounts due in more than one year	1,375,628	1,375,628
	2,761,619	5,180,681

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

21.	CASH FLOWS	"我就这样就 你			
	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt	£	2024 £	£	2023 £
	Decrease in cash Cashflow from change in net debt	(299,408) 715,723	_	(4,958,386) 709,755	_
	Movement in net debt during the year Net debt at 1 April		416,315 (22,899,963)		(4,248,631) (18,651,332)
	Net debt at 31 March		(22,483,648)		(22,899,963)
	Analysis of changes in net debt	At 1 April 2023 £	Cashflows £	Other Changes £	At 31 March 2024 £
	Cash and cash equivalents	8,500,463	(299,408)		8,201,055
	Debt: Due within one year Due after more than one year	8,500,463 (1,254,403) (30,146,023)	(299,408) 715,723	(744,788) 744,788	8,201,055 (1,283,468) (29,401,235)
	Net debt	(22,899,963)	416,315	-	(22,483,648)
22.	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	THE PARTY OF THE			
			The state of the state of		
				2024 £	2023 £
	Capital Expenditure that has been contr provided for in the finanical statements	acted for but has r	not been		
	Capital Expenditure that has been contr			£ 3,571,186	£ 802,660
	Capital Expenditure that has been contr provided for in the finanical statements The above commitments will be finance	d by a mixture of p		£ 3,571,186	£ 802,660
	Capital Expenditure that has been contr provided for in the financial statements The above commitments will be finance Association's own resources. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING	d by a mixture of p	oublic grant, priva	£ 3,571,186	£ 802,660
	Capital Expenditure that has been contr provided for in the finanical statements The above commitments will be finance Association's own resources.	d by a mixture of p LEASES payments under	oublic grant, priva	£ 3,571,186 te finance and 2024	£ 802,660 the

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

24. DETAILS OF ASSOCIATION

The Association is a company registered in Scotland under the Companies Act 2006.

The Association's principal place of business is 119 Main Street, Ayr, KA8 8BX.

The Association is a Registered Social Landlord and Scottish Charity that owns and manages social housing property in Ayrshire.

25. BOARD OF TRUSTEES MEMBER EMOLUMENTS

Board of Trustees members received £470 (2023 - £183) in the year by way of reimbursement of expenses. No remuneration is paid to Board of Trustees members in respect of their duties to the Association.

26. HOUSING STOCK	的自然的主义。这种特殊	
The number of units of accommodation in management at the year end was:-	2024 No.	2023 No.
General needs Shared ownership	1,696 8	1,668 8
	1,704	1,676

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Members of the Board of Trustees are related parties of the Association as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 102.

Those members who are tenants of the Association have tenancies that are on the Association's normal tenancy terms and they cannot use their positions to their advantage.

Any transactions between the Association and any entity with which a Board of Trustees member has a connection with is made at arm's length and is under normal commercial terms.

Transactions with Board of Trustees members (and their close family) were as follows:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Rent received from tenants on the Board of Trustees and their close		
family members	29,001	25,869

At the year end total rent arrears owed by the tenant members on the Board of Trustees (and their close family) were £438 (2023 - £0).

Members of the Board of Trustees who are tenants	6	4
Members of the Board of Trustees who are local authority employees	1	1

A member who served on the HA's management committee for part of the year has an interest in SeAscape Limited. The Housing Association paid fees to this organisation during the year of £Nil (2023: £21,080) and donated £nil (2023: £500) to their Christmas Appeal.

28. GROUP STRUCTURE

Ayrshire Housing is a housing company registered in Scotland and forms part of a group. The other member is Ayrshire Homestake Limited and the company is registered in Scotland. The main activity of Ayrshire Homestake Limited would be the administration of the supply of low cost home ownership. However, the company has been dormant since its incorporation. Ayrshire Housing is considered to be the ultimate parent. Seperate group accounts are not prepared as the Trustees are of the opinion that the group is exempt from this requirement.

29 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

We have been notified by the Trustee of the Scheme that it has performed a review of the changes made to the Scheme's benefits over the years and the result is that there is uncertainty surrounding some of these changes. The Trustee has been advised to seek clarification from the Court on these items. This process is ongoing and the matter is unlikely to be resolved before the end of 2025 at the earliest. It is recognised that this could potentially impact the value of Scheme liabilities, but until Court directions are received, it is not possible to calculate the impact of this issue, particularly on an individual employer basis, with any accuracy at this time. No adjustment has been made in these financial statements in respect of this potential issue.